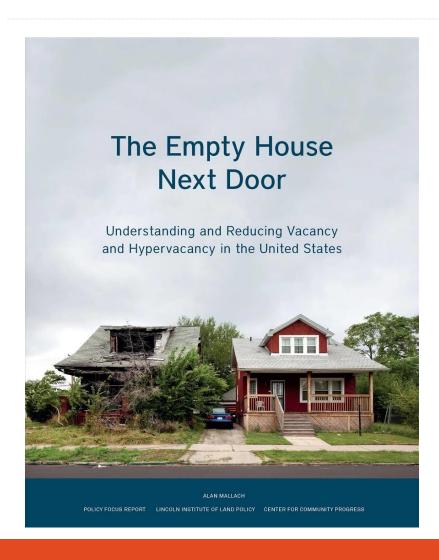


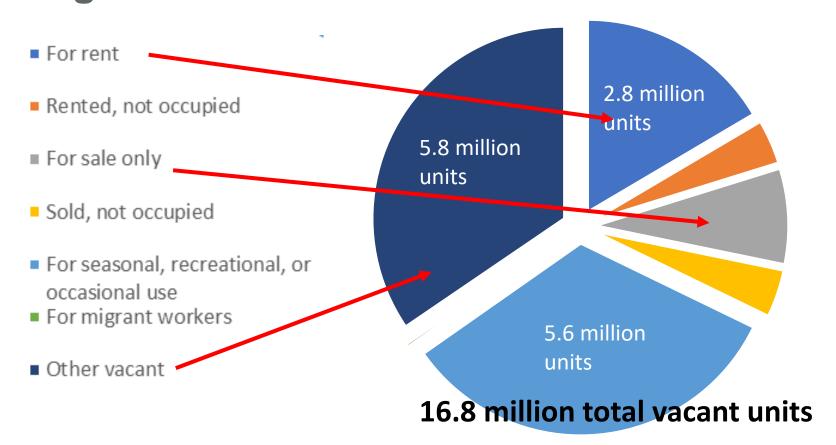
The Empty House Next Door



This presentation is based on this report.

The report was created with the support of the Center for Community Progress and the Lincoln Institute of Land Policy

Vacancy can mean many different things



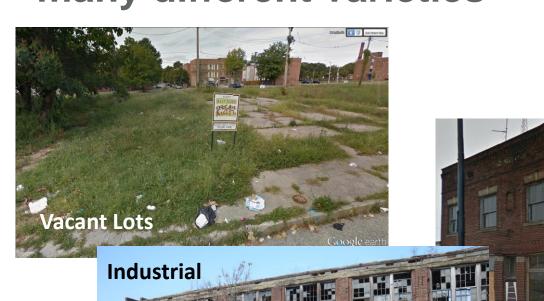
SOURCE: 2016 American Community Survey

Most vacant properties are not abandoned







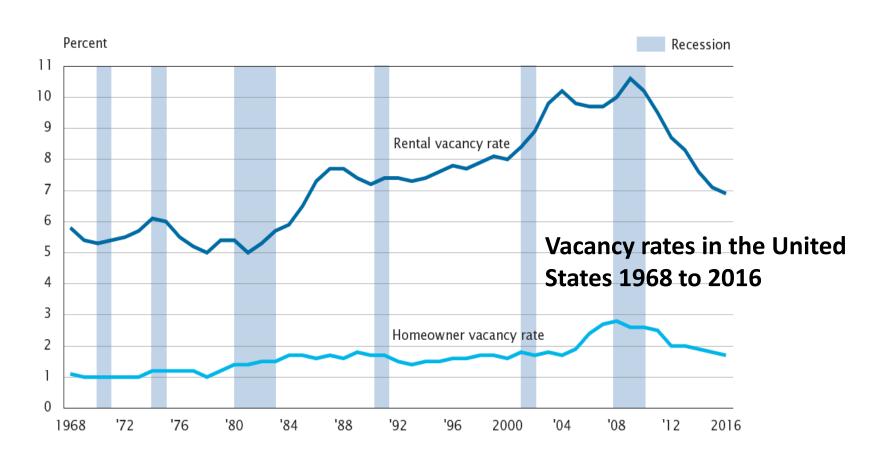




Commercial

Residential

What is a 'normal' vacancy rate?

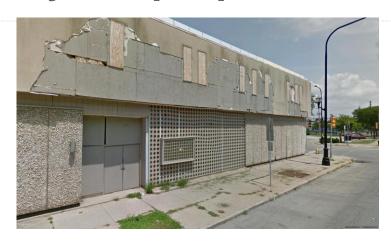


SOURCE: Bureau of the Census

A vacancy typology

VACANCY RATE	DESCRIPTION	
Under 4%	Low vacancy	
4%-7.99%	Reasonable vacancy	
8%-11.99%	Moderately high vacancy	
12%-19.99%	High vacancy	
20%-29.99%	Very high vacancy	LIVDEDVACANCY
30% or more	Extremely high vacancy	} HYPERVACANCY

Why are properties abandoned?



One reason dominates: weak market conditions and lack of demand

....But problems can be made worse by bad laws, policies and practices

Properties can be abandoned for many different reasons...

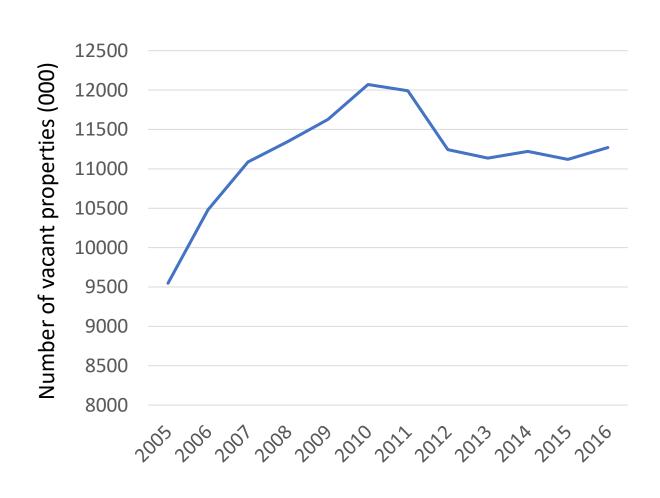


Abandoned properties are a major problem in American communities

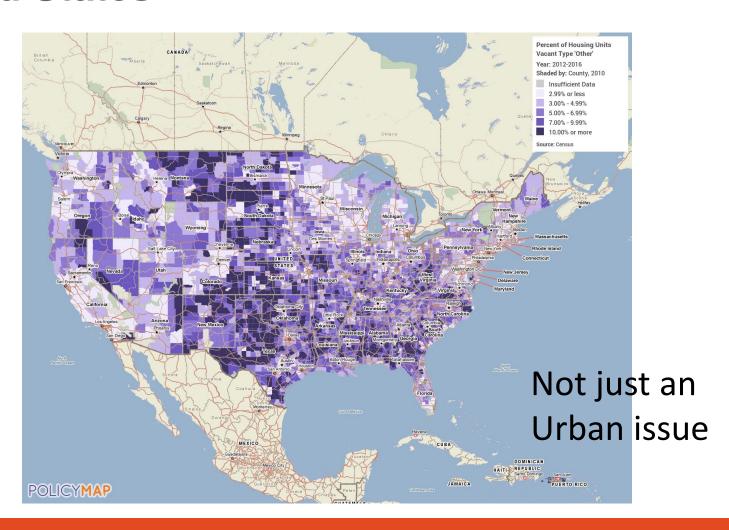
- √ They reduce the value of nearby properties
- √ They encourage illegal activity
- ✓ They create unhealthy conditions and undermine the neighborhood's quality of life
- ✓ They reduce neighborhood confidence and stability
- ✓ They reduce municipal property tax revenues
- ✓ They increase municipal cost burdens for fire, police and code enforcement



Vacant properties in the United States 2005 to 2016



"Other Vacant" properties in the United States



On average, vacancy rates are higher in rural than in urban areas

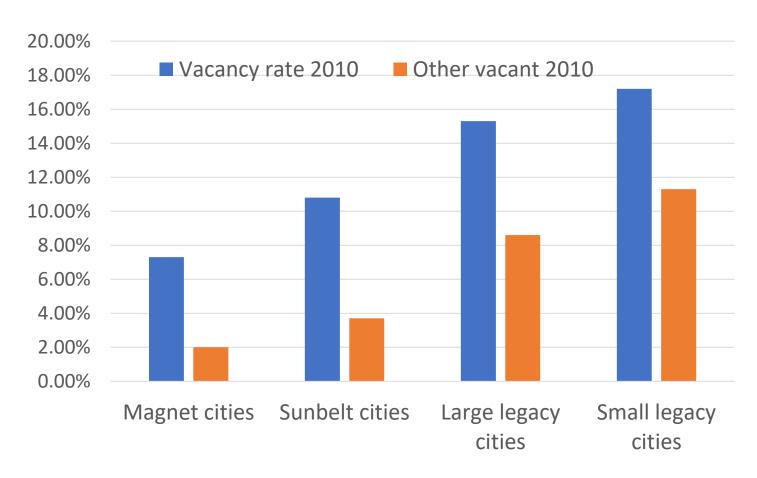


- ✓ The Deep South
- ✓ Appalachia
- ✓ The Great Plains

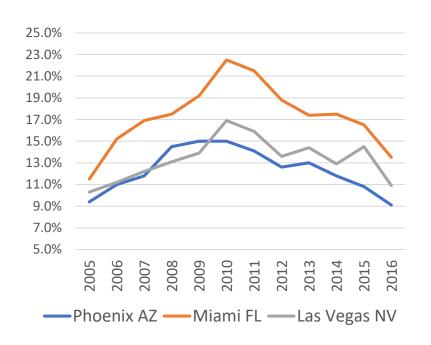
Abandoned properties are found throughout rural America, but most heavily concentrated in three areas:



Vacancy rates vary widely from city to city



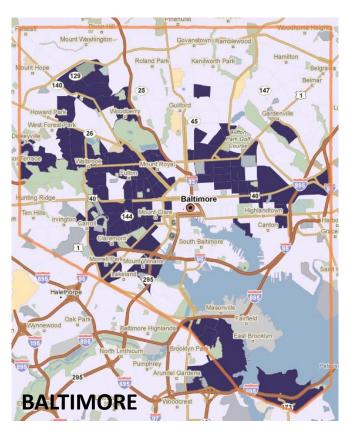
...as do trends



In contrast to magnet cities, where vacancy rates have steadily declined, and legacy cities, where they have stayed consistently high, vacancy rates in Sunbelt cities rose sharply during the foreclosure crisis – and have since came back down again.

Hypervacancy

Census tracts where 20% or more of all housing units are vacant

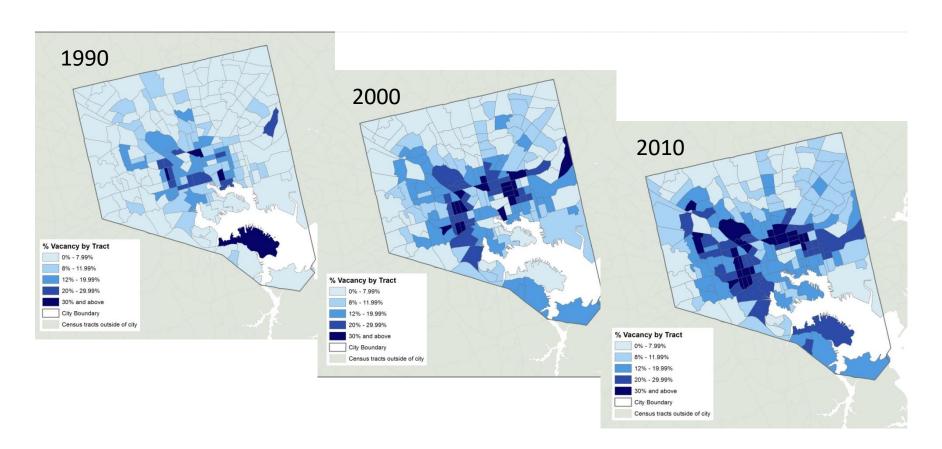




In many areas, vacant lots may outnumber vacant buildings



Hypervacancy is increasing



Percentage of census tracts with hypervacancy in Baltimore

1990	2000	2010
7.5%	21.5%	29.5%

Tackling the vacant property challenge

- ✓ Rebuilding distressed housing markets
- ✓ Using demolition strategically
- ✓ Greening vacant land



One size does not fit all



Strategies must be designed to fit Not only the building but even more the building's neighborhood and market context.



Rebuilding broken housing markets

✓ Removing obstacles to reuse

✓ Land banking

✓ Building stronger

markets



Demolition as a strategy

- ✓ When to demolish
- ✓ When to preserve?

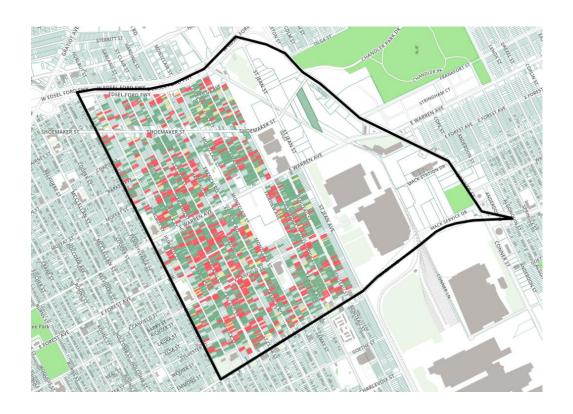


Greening vacant land

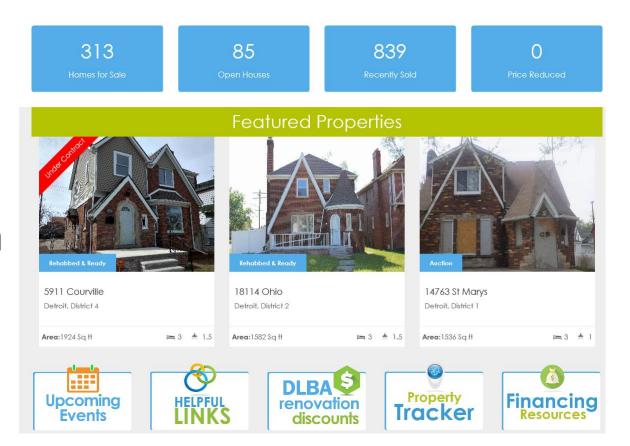
- ✓ Beyond community gardens: diversified greening strategies
- ✓ Pattern books and citywide strategies
- ✓ Green CSO overflow strategies
- √ Challenges



✓ Know the territory



✓ Remove legal barriers to effective local action



✓ Increase access to capital and build stronger

markets



Think strategically: integrate rehab, demolition and greening into long-term stabilization and revival strategies.



Thank you.

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